Ultra-stable, high precision (ppm class) fluxgate technology DS Series current transducer for non-intrusive, isolated DC and AC current measurement up to 1000A







Features

Linearity error maximum 1 ppm

Fluxgate, closed loop compensated technology with fixed excitation frequency and second harmonic zero flux detection for best in class accuracy and stability

Industry standard DSUB 9 pin connection

Green diode for normal operation indication

Full aluminum body for superior EMI shielding and extended operating temperature range

Large aperture \$\phi 28.1mm\$ for cables and bus bars

Applications:

MPS for particles accelerators

Gradient amplifiers for MRI devices

Stable power supplies

Precision drives

Batteries testing and evaluation systems

Power measurement and power analysis

Current calibration purposes

Specification highlights	Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур	Max
Nominal primary AC current	I _{PN} AC	Arms			600
Nominal primary DC current	I _{PN} DC	А	-900		900
Measuring range	Î _{PM}	А	-1000		1000
Primary / secondary ratio	n1 : n2		1:1500		1:1500
Linearity error	ε _L	ppm	-1		1
Offset current (including earth field)	l _{OE}	ppm	-10		10
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy @25°C (= \mathcal{E}_L + I_{OE})	acc8	ppm	-11		11
AC Maximum gain error 10Hz to 5kHz	E _G	%			±0.01
Operating temperature range	Та	°C	-40		85
Power supply voltages	Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75

All ppm (or %) values refer to nominal current

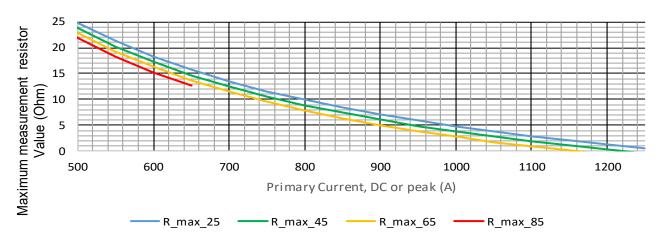


Electrical specifications at Ta=23°C, supply voltage = ± 15V unless otherwise stated

Parameter		Symbol	Unit	Min	Тур.	Max	Comment
Nominal primary AC currer	nt	I _{PN} AC	Arms			600	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Nominal primary DC currer	nt	I _{PN} DC	Α	-900		900	Refer to fig. 1 for derating
Measuring range		I _{PM}	Α	-1000		1000	Refer to fig. 1 & 2 for derating
Overload capacity		Î _{OL}	Α			4500	Non-measured, 100ms
Nominal secondary curren	t	I _{SN}	mA	-600		600	At nominal primary DC current
Primary / secondary ratio				1:1500		1:1500	
Measuring resistance		R_{M}	Ω	0		3	Refer to fig. 1 for details
Lipoprity orror			ppm	-1		1	ppm refers to nominal current
Linearity error		\mathcal{E}_{L}	μΑ	-0.6		0.6	μA refers to secondary current
Offset current			ppm	-12		12	ppm refers to nominal current
(including earth field)		l _{OE}	μΑ	-7.2		7.2	μA refers to secondary current
DC-10Hz Overall accuracy	/	acc8	ppm	-13		13	ppm refers to nominal DC current
Offset temperature coeffici	ont	TC _{IOE}	ppm/K	-0.1		0.1	ppm refers to nominal current
Onset temperature coemo	CIII	I C _{IOE}	μA/K	-0.06		0.06	μA refers to secondary current
Bandwidth		f(-3dB)	kHz	500			Small signal, graphs figure 3
Amplitude error	10Hz –2kHz					0.01%	
	2kHz -10kHz	$\epsilon_{\scriptscriptstyle G}$	%			0.20%	% refers to nominal current
	10kHz - 100kHz					2.50%	
Phase shift	10Hz –2kHz					0.03°	
	2kHz -10kHz	θ	0			0.04°	
	10kHz - 100kHz					1.0°	
Response time to a step of	urrent IPN	tr @ 90%	μs		1		di/dt = 100A/µs
Noise	0 - 100Hz		ppm rms			0.01 0.02	Measured on secondary current
	0 - 1kHz	noise					
	0 - 10kHz					0.20	
	0 - 100kHz					0.70	
Fluxgate excitation frequer	ncy	f _{Exc}	kHz		31.25		
Induced rms voltage on pri	mary conductor		μV rms			5	
Power supply voltages		Uc	V	±14.25		±15.75	
Positive current consumpti	on	lps	mA	94	100	105	Add Is (if Is is positive)
Negative current consump	tion	Ins	mA	87	92	98	Add Is (if Is is negative)
Operating temperature ran	ige	Та	°C	-40		85	
Stability							
0" + + + 1 "" "			ppm/month	-0.1		0.1	ppm refers to nominal current
Offset stability over time			μA/month	-0.06		0.06	μA refers to secondary current
Office to the property will be an extended to	and and an an artist of the				0.0		(perpendicular to bus bar)
Offset change with vertical external magnetic field			μA /mT		0.2	0.8	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with horizontal external magnetic field			μΑ /mT		0.0	2	(parallel to bus bar)
					0.8		μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with power supply voltage changes			μA /V		0.004	0.04	μA refers to secondary current
Offset change with absolut	te power supply voltages		μA /V		0.012	0.04	μA refers to secondary current

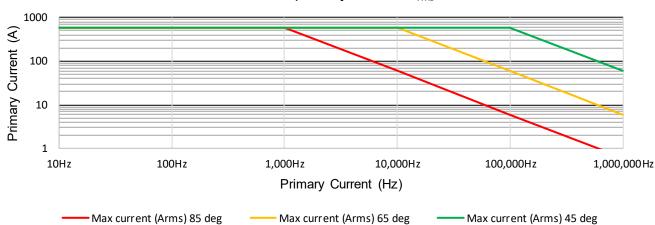
Measurement resistor RM and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 1)

Maximum measurement resistor vs. ambient temperatures



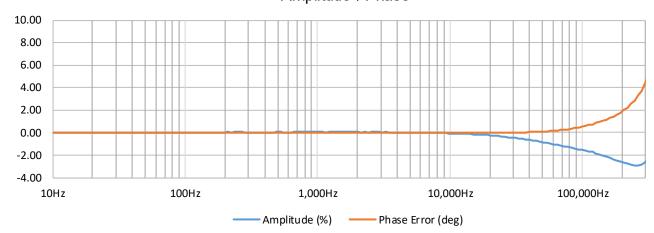
Frequency and ambient temperature derating (Fig. 2)





Frequency characteristics (Fig. 3)

Amplitude / Phase



Isolation specifications

Parameter	Unit	Value
Clearance	mm	9
Creepage distance	mm	10
Comparative tracking index (CTI)	V	> 600
Rms voltage for AC isolation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min - Between primary and (secondary and shield) - Between secondary and shield	kV	5.7 0.2
Impulse withstand voltage (1.2/50µs)	kV	10.4
Rated rms isolation voltage reinforced isolation, overvoltage category III, Pollution degree 2 according to - IEC 61010-1 - EN50780	V	300 600

Absolute maximum ratings

Parameter	Unit	Max	Comment
Primary	kA	4.5	Maximum 100ms
Power supply	V	±16.5	

Environmental and mechanical characteristics

Parameter	Unit	Min	Тур	Max	Comment
Ambient operating temperature range	°C	-40		85	
Storage temperature range	°C	-40		85	
Relative humidity	%	20		80	Non-condensing
Mass	kg		0.6		
Connections	Power supplies: D-SUB 9 pins male				
Standards	EN 61326-1 EMC EN 61010-1:2010 Safety				



Advanced Sensor Protection Circuits "ASPC"

Developed to protect the current transducer from typical fault conditions:

- Unit is un-powered and secondary circuit is open or closed
- Unit is powered and secondary circuit is open or interrupted

Both DC and AC primary current up to 100% of nominal value can be applied to the current transducers in the above situations without damage to the electronics.

Please notice that the sensor core can be magnetized in all above cases, leading to a small change in output offset current (less than 10ppm)

Status pins

When transducer is operating in normal condition, the status pins (3 and 8) are shorted.

Status pins properties: - forward direction pin 8 to pin 3, maximum forward current 10mA

- maximum forward voltage 60V, maximum reverse voltage 5V

Accessories

4-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 4xDCCT: DSSIU-4

6-channel power supplies unit for connection up to 6xDCCT: DSSIU-6

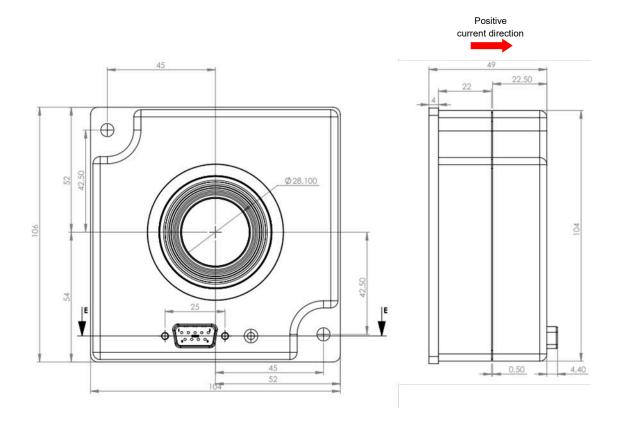
Transducer cables in 5 lengths (2m - 5m - 10m - 15m - 20m): DSUB2 - DSUB5 - DSUB10 - DSUB15 -

DSUB20

Transducer cable 3m for connection to end-user's power supply:

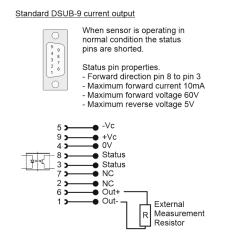
Transducer cable for lab PS (with access to current output via Ø4 banana jacks)

Please visit Danisense homepage for relevant datasheets



(general tolerance 0.3mm unless otherwise stated)

DSUB pin layout



Positive current direction

Is identified by an arrow on the transducer body

Mounting instructions

Back side panel mounting



2 x M5 steel screws / 6N.m

Declaration of Conformity

Danisense A/S

Malervej 10

DK-2630 Taastrup

Denmark

Declares that under our sole responsibility the products listed in Appendix A are in conformity with the provisions of the following EC Directives, including all amendments, and with national legislation implementing these

directives:

Directive 2014/30/EU

Directive 2014/35/EU

And that the following harmonized standards have been applied

EN 61010-1 (Third Edition):2010, EN 61010-1:2010

EN 61010-2-030:2010

EN 61326-1:2013

All DANISENSE products are manufactured in accordance with RoHS directive 2011/65/EU. Annex II of the RoHS directive was amended by directive 2015/863 in force since 2015, expanding the list of 6 restricted substances (Lead, Hexavalent Chromium, PBB, PBDE and Cadmium)

Danisense follows the provision in EN 63000:2018

Appendix A describes the products covered by this Declaration of Conformity.

Place

Taastrup, Denmark

Henrik Elbæk

Date

2022-03-15